

Sociology 375: History of Sociological Theory
Fall 2013

Lectures: Tuesday and Thursday, 9:30-10:45am
Classroom: Bolton Hall B84
Course Website: <http://d21.uwm.edu/>

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Office Hours: Tuesday, 11:00am-12:00pm and 3:30-4:30pm
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A theory can be defined as an analytic structure that explains a set of empirical observations. Sociological theory attempts to explain the social world from the sociological perspective. This perspective has been developed over the past 150 years through the contributions of many scholars, yet a few pioneers of the social sciences (not necessarily sociologists) had a particularly influential role in shaping it. This class explores the work and ideas of some of these theorists, with special attention to the three thinkers at the core of the classical sociological canon: Karl Marx, Émile Durkheim, and Max Weber.

The work of these authors can be difficult for the non-initiated, and it can seem irrelevant for the sociologist interested in the contemporary social world. What can three dead white guys who lived in Europe over one hundred years ago teach us about the world today? There are three main reasons to read and familiarize yourselves with Marx, Durkheim, and Weber: 1) It is impossible (or at least you would be making things very difficult for yourselves) to be a sociologist without being familiar with their work. Modern sociology was built upon the foundations established by these thinkers, and therefore navigating the discipline requires some knowledge of their work and how it influenced later developments. 2) The world that these authors studied and analyzed was, evidently, very different from contemporary society. However, some of the social factors and realities that they identified and theorized remain key building blocks of present-day society. We live our lives in a capitalist economic system, bureaucracies and science are crucial pillars of the current social order, and religion still plays a major role in social life. Some of the theories developed by Marx, Durkheim and Weber have been discredited nowadays, but they have all been very influential in determining how we see the world and, in many cases, we can still learn a lot about our societies from them. 3) Finally, – and in case that after 1 and 2 you still need another reason to study these authors – they are all top-notch social thinkers whose work is intellectually stimulating and exciting to learn, discuss and critique in its own right. In sum, I strongly believe that the study of Marx, Durkheim and Weber is a fascinating and rewarding journey that you will enjoy. The main goal of this class will be to provide you with information about these theorists and to help you absorb it and use it in a productive way.

Class organization

It needs to be said from the outset: the theories of Marx, Durkheim and Weber are not easy to engage with. Partly because of the difficulty of the ideas themselves, and partly because of their

arid (from our perspective) writing style, reading, understanding and learning the work of these authors can be a daunting task for the uninitiated. The best way to do this is by reading their works directly, and this is what this class will revolve around. However, and given the difficulty of this endeavor, the course will be organized in a way that will facilitate this process as much as possible. I believe that the most productive way to do this is to make our sessions a combination of lecture, in which I will give you the context and knowledge necessary to understand the readings, and discussion. I cannot emphasize enough how important the latter aspect is for this class. When confronted with difficult ideas, the only way of really understanding and learning them is by working through them. That requires ‘interrogating’ the readings, asking questions, making statements about what we think they mean and interacting with others who are doing the same. If when you have a doubt or are confused you do not voice that concern, you will not resolve it and the reading will have been a waste of your time. It is fundamental, then, that you come to class and that you verbalize your questions and comments so that we can have a clarifying discussion. For this reason, in the context of this class I establish the principle that THERE IS NO SUCH THING AS A STUPID QUESTION. You should think of this class as a safe environment in which we all start from zero and we work together to make sense of the readings. Sometimes the simplest questions or the most misdirected comments are the most productive and illuminating ones, and we need to embrace that in this class.

In order to make our exploration of these authors and class discussion as relevant as possible to you, the common thread around which I have organized this class is: how can the work of Marx, Durkheim and Weber help us make sense of contemporary society? As you will see, this will be a central element in the papers that you have to write and I will try to make my lectures and our discussions revolve around this theme.

Assignments and workload

I have designed a grading scheme aimed at encouraging and maximizing the core elements of this class: reading and discussion.

Readings: there will be a considerable amount of difficult reading to do for this class. We have an average of 25 pages per session (with significant variability), but given how hard some of these texts are you should think about the number of pages for each session as if it was twice the actual figure in order to plan for how much time you will need to devote to read and understand them. Remember, the point is not to be able to say that you did the reading, but actually getting something out of it, and that will require much more time than a mere superficial read. To make sure that you do the readings and that you do them well, I will give you a quiz roughly every other session (you can see when exactly in the calendar of sessions below) at the beginning of class in which I will ask you basic questions about what you read since the previous quiz. Notice, then, that there will be at least some questions about texts that we have not explored in class yet. These questions will focus on making sure that you have read, not that you understood the readings. Part of my goal in doing this (besides ensuring that you do the readings) is to help you learn how to read difficult texts. This class, then, is not only about learning the theories, but also about learning to engage challenging material and being able to identify key arguments and ideas, even if you miss some of the more complicated details. I will distribute in class a document with some guidelines about how to do these types of readings, and I will send you a

set of questions to guide your reading for each session in the semester. If despite that you still have trouble being able to perform in the quizzes after doing the readings properly, please come to see me during office hours. Of the 12 quizzes that we will have during the course of the semester I will drop the two lowest grades. You can only make up a missed quiz if your absence is completely justified, and you must take the quiz before the following session you can attend. Each quiz will be worth 10 points, so the total number of possible points for the quizzes will be 100 (there is more detailed information on the quizzes on the 'news' section of the class website on D2L).

Participation: I am a big fan of class discussion. For that reason, 10 points of your grade will be devoted to participation in our discussions. My main goal with this component of your grade is to encourage you to think critically about the readings and bring questions, comments, doubts, and observations to class. I am not expecting everyone to talk in every class, but to be generally engaged and contribute regularly. However, I am aware that it is hard to ensure everyone's participation in class because we are a relatively large group and because people have different personalities and it is hard for some of you to speak in public. For that reason, I have set up a discussion board on the D2L website where you can post comments and questions about the readings and our sessions. I would not want you to think that writing online posts means that there is no need to participate in the classroom. My main goal is to have a lively class discussion, and thus you should think about the online posts as a way to complement your participation in class. If you are someone who is usually engaged and active in class you do not need to write anything online, but if you are on the quiet side and want to get the 10 points for participation you should regularly make meaningful contributions to the online forum. And notice that I say 'regularly'. Submitting several posts in the last week of class will not make up for no participation in the previous fourteen.

Papers: with the quizzes and the points for participation I will be making sure that you read and engage with the material critically. However, neither of these components will allow you to develop your thoughts at length, and it will make it impossible for me to assess the extent to which you are understanding the readings and using them productively. For that reason, the last required element for this class will be to write three 4 to 6-page papers (one for each of our three main authors: Marx, Durkheim and Weber) in which I will ask you to reflect upon the material that we have seen in class and to relate it to some contemporary problem. Each paper is worth 30 points, for a total of 90 points for this component of the course, and you have to submit *all three* in order to get a passing grade. I will distribute detailed instructions for the papers in class.

This is all you will need to do for this course. There are no midterm or final exams. There will be quite a lot of difficult reading, so I want you to focus on doing that properly and come to class ready to ask questions and discuss. Consistently, then, the only other requirement for the course will be attendance to class. Attendance is required and I will take attendance each and every class. I will allow up to 4 unjustified absences. These are supposed to cover illnesses and other uncontrollable circumstances, they are not a free pass to miss four classes without reason. Therefore, if anyone misses more than four classes I will need to see a justification for ALL the absences if you do not want to be penalized. With this, I am trying to avoid the cases of those who miss four classes without justification early in the semester, and then they get sick and feel entitled to miss more sessions. You are expected to be in class every day, and therefore any non-

justified absence beyond the allowance of 4 will subtract 3 points from your final grade. And just to be clear: attending a class implies being there for all (or most) of the class and being ‘active and engaged’. Showing up for a quiz and leaving right after it, as well as showing up late or leaving early without reason will be counted as an absence. In the same way, being in class watching videos or writing emails on your laptops (and believe me, it is obvious when you are not using them to take notes for the class) will also be counted as an absence, and I will be the only judge of whether you are ‘active and engaged’.

The grading scheme, therefore, will be the following:

| | | | | |
|---------------|---|----------------|---|----------------------------|
| 10 quizzes | x | 10 points each | = | 100 possible points (50%) |
| 3 papers | x | 30 points | = | 90 possible points (45%) |
| Participation | | | = | 10 possible points (5%) |
| TOTAL | | | = | 200 possible points (100%) |

The final letter grades, then, will be applied over the total possible 200 points for the class in the following way:

| | | | |
|----|-----------|----|-----------|
| A | 186-200 | C | 146-153.9 |
| A- | 180-185.9 | C- | 140-145.9 |
| B+ | 174-179.9 | D+ | 134-139.9 |
| B | 166-173.9 | D | 126-133.9 |
| B- | 160-165.9 | D- | 120-125.9 |
| C+ | 154-159.9 | F | 0-120 |

This scheme will be strict. If you get 185.9 points your grade is A-, not A. You are warned from the very beginning so if you want a higher grade work harder (and take advantage of the opportunities that I will give you to improve your grades). Complaints of the “but I am so close!”-type at the end of the semester will not have any effect. A further comment on ‘complaints’ about grades: I am happy to discuss with you any concerns you might have about how you are evaluated and about your grades. However, I will only make changes to your grades if I have made an obvious mistake. My main concern when I evaluate you is to make sure that I am fair to everyone in relation to each other. If somebody comes to see me and ‘convinces’ me to increase his or her grade that puts those who just accept their grade and do not come to see me at a disadvantage, and therefore as a policy I do not change grades.

A note on participation in class discussion

As I mentioned above, your active participation will be a key element of the learning experience in this class, so I want to make sure that it is clear what I mean by that: participating properly in class is not a function of speaking a lot or of making only brilliant points. My main criterion for evaluating participation is: is this contribution bringing the conversation forward? This can happen by asking a very simple question of clarification, or by saying something that is completely wrong yet allows us to confront an issue that we had not considered before. Someone who speaks non-stop or who shuts other people off is in fact stifling debate, and that is the exact

opposite of what I am looking for. As I said before, I want to encourage you all to participate, thus the principle that there is no such thing as a stupid question or comment in this class. But I do ask you to be mindful: you are part of a group, and our goal is to move forward and learn together. Using participation to disrupt the conversation or to put someone else down is not acceptable and I will be strict about that.

Office hours, email

I will hold office hours every Tuesday for an hour after class (from 11am to 12noon), and then again for another hour in the afternoon (from 3:30 to 4:30pm), and I am happy to see you by appointment at other times if you cannot make the office hours. You should see this as a resource to which you have access in order to seek clarification, to discuss issues both with the material and the functioning of the class, or simply to make your views known about specific topics and readings. Given the difficulty of some of the material that we will be covering this semester you should make use of office hours!

You can also contact me by email at any point during the semester. I will try to reply to your messages promptly. However, you should always allow 24-72 hours for my replies. Therefore, you should not wait until the last minute to ask me important questions. Plan ahead!

Required texts

Most of the readings that we will do during the class will come from the following list of books, which you can buy from the University Bookstore. They are also on reserve at the library:

- Democracy in America, by Alexis de Tocqueville. Harper Perennial Modern Classics (2006). ISBN-13: 978-0061127922.
- The Marx-Engels Reader (Second Edition), edited by Robert Tucker. W. W. Norton (1978). ISBN-13: 978-0393090406.
- The Division of Labor in Society, by Emile Durkheim. Free Press (1997). ISBN-13: 978-0684836386.
- The Elementary Forms of Religious Life, by Emile Durkheim. Free Press (1995). ISBN-13: 978-0029079379.
- From Max Weber: Essays in Sociology, edited by H. H. Gerth and C. Wright Mills. Oxford University Press (1958). ISBN-13: 978-0195004625.
- The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism (Second Edition), by Max Weber. Routledge (2001). ISBN-13: 978-0415254069.

For all of these books several editions (and translations) are available. I am not opposed to the use of other editions, but notice that in many occasions I am asking you to read specific page numbers, so you will have to figure out exactly what the correspondence is.

Finally, there will be other occasional readings required. These will be available on D2L, or I will just email them to you.

Credit hours and workload

Following university guidelines, this course requires at least 9 hours of work outside of the classroom every week. You should expect to spend about 4.5 hours doing the readings, 0.5 hours writing comments online, 2 hours studying and preparing for the quizzes, and 2 hours writing your papers (this is an average – you are likely to spend much more time working on a paper on the weeks before a paper is due).

Calendar of sessions and readings

In the reading list below, whenever specific page numbers are mentioned without any further indication it means that in that page there is a section or chapter break, so it should be completely straightforward to figure out where you should start/stop reading. For the cases where there are no such breaks I have indicated – between brackets after the page number – the sentence at which I want you to start/stop. Qs by the date indicate that we have a quiz on that day (Qs are followed by the quiz number).

Introduction / Philosophical and Historical Background

- Tue 9/3 The Syllabus (no reading)
- Thu 9/5 Overview of Sociological Theory
- Robert A. Nisbet, “The Two Revolutions,” in *The Sociological Tradition*, pp.21-44. D2L
- Tue 9/10 Adam Smith
- Adam Smith, *Wealth of Nations*. Selections. D2L
- Thu 9/12 (Q1) Alexis de Tocqueville (i): Introduction
- Democracy in America*, Author’s Introduction (9-20); Vol I, Ch 3 (50-57)
- Tue 9/17 Alexis de Tocqueville (ii): Perils of Individualism
- Democracy in America*, Vol II, Part II, Chs 1-8 (503-528)
- Thu 9/19 (Q2) Alexis de Tocqueville (iii): Taste for Material Well-Being
- Democracy in America*, Vol II, Part II, Chs 10-13, 17, 20 (530-538, 547-549, 555-558); Vol II, Part III, Chs 17, 21 (614-616, 634-645)

Karl Marx (1818-1883)

- Tue 9/24 Introduction and the young Marx
Mark-Engels Reader, 12-15, 3-6, 53-54 (...into the criticism of politics), 143-145, 70-81
- Thu 9/26 (Q3) The German Ideology
Mark-Engels Reader, 149 (The premises from...)-166 (...dissolved by circumstances), 172 (History is nothing...)-175, 184 (The concentration of trade...)-187 (...actual laws), 189-193, 196 (Nothing is more common...)-200
- Tue 10/1 Capital (i)
Mark-Engels Reader, 302-329
- Thu 10/3 (Q4) Capital (ii)
Mark-Engels Reader, 329-361
- Tue 10/8 Capital (iii)
Mark-Engels Reader, 361-364, 373-400 (end of page)
- Thu 10/10 (Q5) Capital (iv)
Mark-Engels Reader, 403-411, 419-438
- Tue 10/15 Marx Conclusions and Contemporary Relevance

Émile Durkheim (1858-1917)

- Thu 10/17 The Division of Labor in Society (i) – Paper 1 due
The Division of Labor in Society, xxv-xxx, 1-7, 11-29
- Tue 10/22 (Q6) The Division of Labor in Society (ii)
The Division of Labor in Society, 31-52, 60-64
- Thu 10/24 Extra Credit Movie
- Tue 10/29 (Q7) The Division of Labor in Society (iii)
The Division of Labor in Society, 68-86, 101-106, 172-174, 200-205

- Thu 10/31 The Division of Labor in Society (iv)
The Division of Labor in Society, 291-322
- Tue 11/5 (Q8) The Elementary Forms of Religious Life (i)
The Elementary Forms of Religious Life, 1-8, 33-44
- Thu 11/7 The Elementary Forms of Religious Life (ii)
The Elementary Forms of Religious Life, 207-241
- Tue 11/12 (Q9) The Elementary Forms of Religious Life (iii)
The Elementary Forms of Religious Life, 418-448
- Thu 11/14 Durkheim Conclusions and Contemporary Relevance
- Max Weber (1864-1920)**
- Tue 11/19 Class, Status, Party – Paper 2 due
From Max Weber, 180-195
- Thu 11/21 (Q10) Power, Authority, Legitimacy and the State
From Max Weber, 77-87 (...for objective goals), 90 (The development of politics...)-92 (...from one case to another), 94 (The significance of the lawyer...)-96 (...of the demagogic species), 99 (If the journalist as a type...)-104 (...described by Ostrogorsky), 114 (Therefore, today, one...)-128
- Tue 11/26 Rationalization and Science
From Max Weber, 129-153 (...must rebel against this), 155 (The fate of our times...)-156
- Thu 11/28 THANKSGIVING
- Tue 12/3 (Q11) The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism (i)
The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism, Chs 2 (13-38) and 4 (53-72 (...be proved))
- Thu 12/6 The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism (ii)
The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism, Ch 5 (102-125)

Tue 12/10 (Q12) Weber Conclusions and Contemporary Relevance

Thu 12/12 Wrap-Up and Conclusions

Fri 12/13 Paper 3 due (at 5pm)

| Session | Topic | # of pages |
|----------------|---|-------------------|
| Sep 3 (T) | Syllabus | |
| Sep 5 (R) | Overview of Sociological Theory (i) | 24 |
| Sep 10 (T) | Adam Smith | 37 |
| Sep 12 (R) | Tocqueville: Introduction (Q1) | 20 |
| Sep 17 (T) | Tocqueville: Perils of individualism | 26 |
| Sep 19 (R) | Tocqueville: Taste for material well being (Q2) | 30 |
| Sep 24 (T) | Marx: Introduction and the young Marx | 22 |
| Sep 26 (R) | Marx: The German Ideology (Q3) | 32 |
| Oct 1 (T) | Marx: Capital i | 28 |
| Oct 3 (R) | Marx: Capital ii (Q4) | 33 |
| Oct 8 (T) | Marx: Capital iii | 32 |
| Oct 10 (R) | Marx: Capital iv (Q5) | 29 |
| Oct 15 (T) | Marx conclusions and contemporary relevance | |
| Oct 17 (R) | Durkheim: The division of labor in society i – Paper 1 due | 32 |
| Oct 22 (T) | Durkheim: The division of labor in society ii (Q6) | 27 |
| Oct 24 (R) | Extra Credit Movie | |
| Oct 29 (T) | Durkheim: The division of labor in society iii (Q7) | 33 |
| Oct 31 (R) | Durkheim: The division of labor in society iv | 34 |
| Nov 5 (T) | Durkheim: The elementary forms of religious life i (Q8) | 20 |
| Nov 7 (R) | Durkheim: The elementary forms of religious life ii | 35 |
| Nov 12 (T) | Durkheim: The elementary forms of religious life iii (Q9) | 31 |
| Nov 14 (R) | Durkheim conclusions and contemporary relevance | |
| Nov 19 (T) | Weber: Class, status groups – Paper 2 due | 15 |
| Nov 21 (R) | Weber: Power, legitimacy and the state (Q10) | 37 |
| Nov 26 (T) | Weber: Rationalization and science | 25 |
| Nov 28 (R) | THANKSGIVING | |
| Dec 3 (T) | Weber: Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism i (Q11) | 45 |
| Dec 5 (R) | Weber: Protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism ii | 24 |
| Dec 10 (T) | Weber conclusions and contemporary relevance (Q12) | |
| Dec 12 (R) | Wrap-up and conclusions – Paper 3 due (Dec 13) | |
| | Total number of pages | 671 |
| | Average number of pages per session (27 sessions) | 24.85 |

UNIVERSITY AND SOCIOLOGY DEPARTMENT POLICIES

The Secretary of the University maintains a web page that contains university policies that affect the instructor and the students in this course, as well as essential information specific to conduct of the course. The link to that web page is: <http://www4.uwm.edu/secu/SyllabusLinks.pdf>

Students with Disabilities. Verification of disability, class standards, the policy on the use of alternate material and test accommodations can be found at the following:

<http://www.uwm.edu/Dept/DSAD/SAC/SACltr.pdf>

Religious Observances. Policies regarding accommodations for absences due to religious observance are found at the following: <http://www4.uwm.edu/secu/docs/other/S1.5.htm>

Students called to active Military Duty. Accommodations for absences due to call-up of reserves to active military duty are found at the following:

http://www4.uwm.edu/current_students/military_call_up.cfm

Incompletes. You may be given an incomplete if you have carried a course successfully until near the end of the semester but, because of illness or other unusual and substantiated cause beyond your control, have been unable to take or complete the final examination or to complete some limited amount of course work. An incomplete is not given unless you prove to the instructor that you were prevented from completing the course for just cause as indicated above. The conditions for awarding an incomplete to graduate and undergraduate students can be found at the following:

<http://www4.uwm.edu/secu/docs/other/S31.pdf>

Discriminatory Conduct (such as sexual harassment). Discriminatory conduct will not be tolerated by the University. It poisons the work and learning environment of the University and threatens the careers, educational experience and well-being of students, faculty and staff. Policies regarding discriminatory conduct can be found at: <http://www4.uwm.edu/secu/docs/other/S47.pdf>

Academic Misconduct. Students are responsible for the honest completion and representation of their work, for the appropriate citation of sources, and for respect of others' academic endeavors.

Policies for addressing students cheating on exams or plagiarism can be found at the following:

<http://www4.uwm.edu/osl/dean/conduct.cfm>

Complaint Procedures. Students may direct complaints to the Sociology Department Chair or the Associate Dean for Social Sciences in the College of Letters & Sciences. If the complaint allegedly violates a specific university policy, it may be directed to the Sociology Department Chair, the Associate Dean for Social Sciences in the College of Letters & Sciences, or to the appropriate university office responsible for enforcing the policy. Policies may be found at:

<http://www4.uwm.edu/secu/docs/other/S49.7.htm>

Grade Appeal Procedures. A student may appeal a grade on the grounds that it is based on a capricious or arbitrary decision of the course instructor. Such an appeal shall follow the established procedures adopted by the department, college, or school in which the course resides or in the case of graduate students, the Graduate School. These procedures are available in writing from the respective department chairperson or the Academic Dean of the College of Letters & Science.

Procedures for undergraduate student grade appeal can be found at

http://www4.uwm.edu/lets/upload/grievance_procedure.pdf

Procedures for graduate student grade appeal can be found at

<http://www.graduateschool.uwm.edu/students/policies/>

Final Examination Policy. Policies regarding final examinations can be found at the following:

<http://www4.uwm.edu/secu/docs/other/S22.htm>

Book Royalties. In accord with Department of Sociology policy, the royalties from the sale of faculty-authored books to students in their classes are donated to a UWM Foundation/Sociology Account to support future awards and activities for UWM students in Sociology

Update 06/2012